CITY CENTRE MICRO-HUBS - AMSTERDAM

PROBLEM AND AIM

- The Amsterdam implementation aims to improve last mile \bullet logistics by making better use of canals and existing cycling infrastructure
- Contribute to reduction of congestion by removing delivery vans from traffic. Increase number of zero-emission trips. Shorter routes by using cycling infrastructure



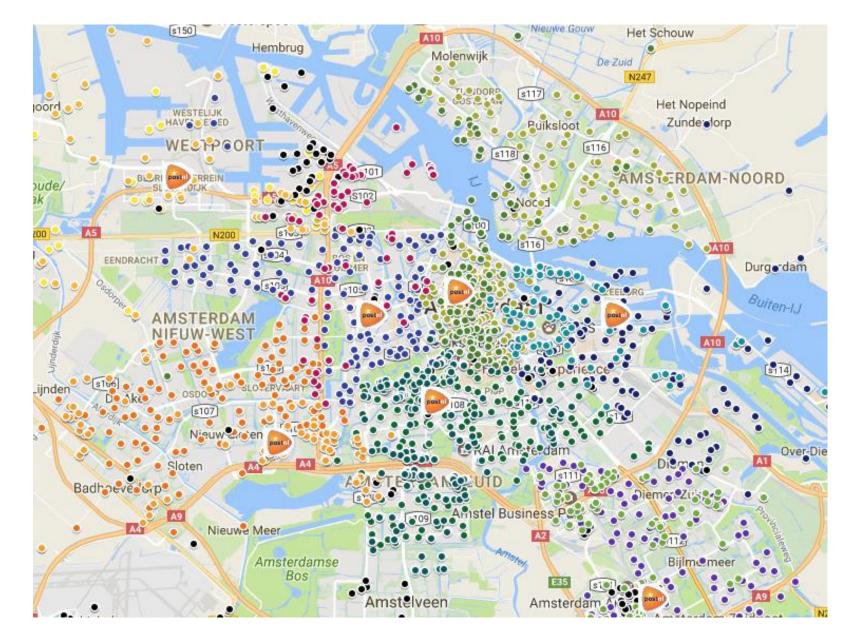
RESULTS TO DATE

- 6 operational micro-hubs within Amsterdam; basic and \bullet functional with electrical charging facilities
- Zero emission electric vehicles: 45 e-freight bikes lacksquare
- Several brands and types of e-freight bikes tested \bullet
- Positive reactions from clients and tourists



DESCRIPTION OF THE SOLUTION

- 8 micro-hubs within Amsterdam, supplied by truck from a \bullet depot
- 60 Zero emission electric bicycles for the last- and first mile \bullet
- Operational benefits: Less time to park, shorter routes, similar average speeds, reduced fuel costs, lower leasing tariffs and a better and sustainable image for PostNL



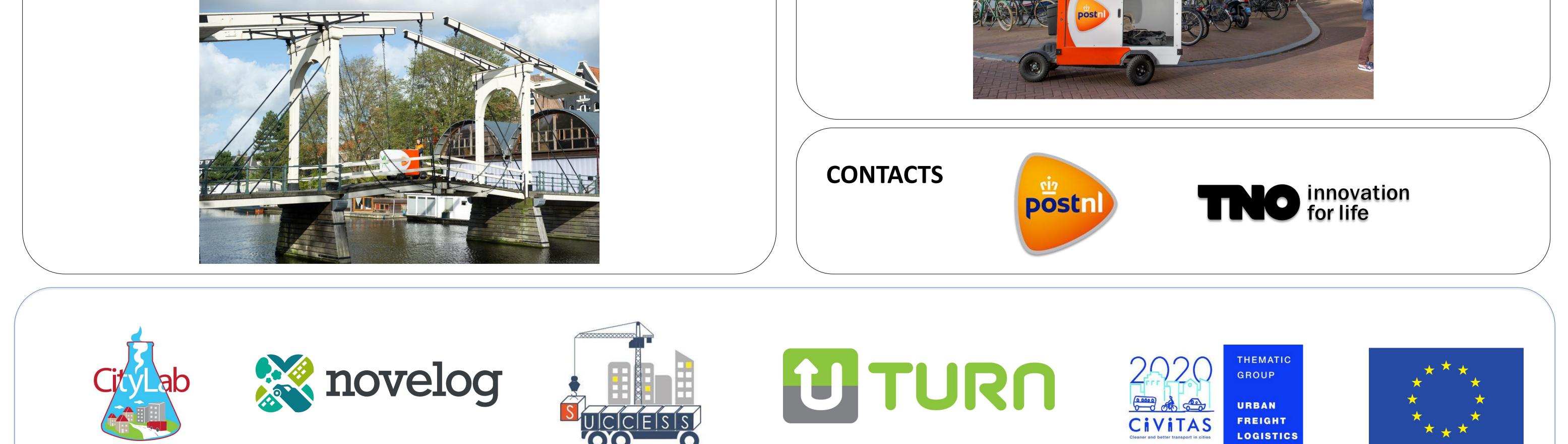
CHALLENGES

- Development of effective optimal planning software for bikes
- Shortage of suitable freight bike riders \bullet
- Weather conditions (e.g. rain, snow) and safety concerns \bullet



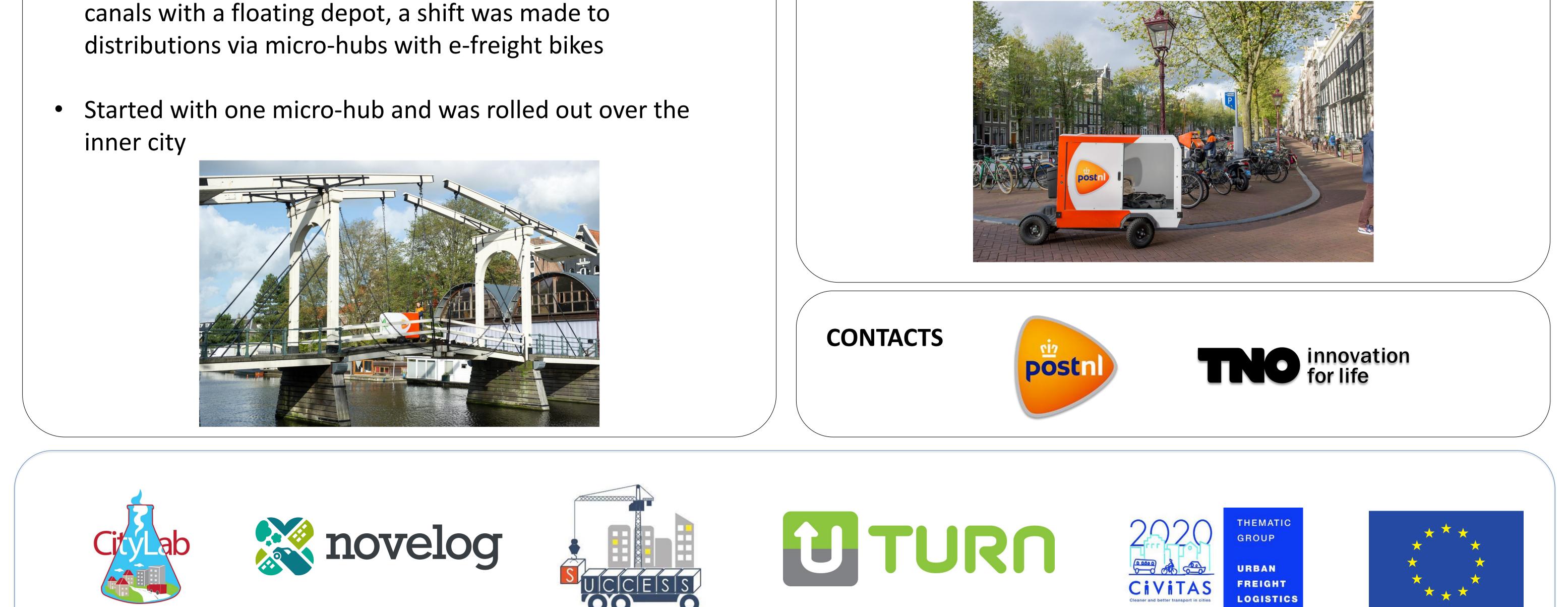
IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS

- After some initial attempts to focus on transport on the canals with a floating depot, a shift was made to distributions via micro-hubs with e-freight bikes
- Started with one micro-hub and was rolled out over the inner city



OPPORTUNITIES

- Extending operations: delivering packages, local delivery and \bullet evening delivery
- Upscaling to other big cities in the Netherlands like Utrecht \bullet
- Use of canals in the longer term for flexible micro-depots lacksquare



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